

Exhibit A

Howard Kaplan (*pro hac vice*)Counsel's Name and Utah State Bar
Number (*or Party's Name if Self-
Represented*)2071 N. Southport Ave. Ste. 205AddressChicago, IL 60614City, State, Zip(312) 852-2641Phone

Check your email. You will receive
information and documents at this email
address.

howard@kaplangrady.comEmailI am the ☐ Plaintiff or ☐ Defendant☒ Attorney for the ☒ Plaintiff or ☐ DefendantThis is a ☐ Limited Appearance

THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

DISTRICT OF UTAH

A.Z., by and through his guardians Andrea
Zolman and Steve Zolman,
Plaintiff,

vs.

Alpine School District, Ryan Burke, Kathy
Draper, Joe Hayes, and David Turner,
Defendants.**Attorney Planning Meeting Report**2:24-cv 00051Case Number: (*including assigned
judge initials and referred magistrate
judge initials, if applicable*)Ted StewartDistrict JudgeDaphne A. ObergMagistrate Judge

Under Fed. R. Civ. P 26(f), the Local Rules of Practice, and the Order to Propose Schedule, if applicable, the parties must confer and develop a proposed discovery plan addressing the areas that follow. The parties must email a copy of the proposed scheduling order in an editable format to the assigned magistrate judge's chambers. If a

magistrate judge is not associated with the case, please email the copy to the district judge's chambers.

1. PRELIMINARY MATTERS

a.	<p>Claims and Defenses: <i>(describe the nature and basis of claims and any affirmative defenses)</i></p> <p>Plaintiff alleges ADA and Rehabilitation Act claims against Alpine School District for discriminating against him, through its agents, who Plaintiff alleges repeatedly verbally and physically harmed A.Z. because of his disability while he participated in the school bus program.</p> <p>Plaintiff alleges a Fourteenth Amendment due process claim and a Fourth Amendment excessive force claim against Draper, who physically and verbally abused A.Z.; against Burke, Hayes, and Turner, who Plaintiff alleges were aware of the abuse and were responsible for addressing it but did not do so; and against the District, which Plaintiff alleges perpetuated policies and practices that allowed the misconduct at issue in this case to flourish.</p> <p>Plaintiff further alleges a failure to intervene claim against the individual Defendants under the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments because each individual Defendant had a reasonable opportunity to prevent the violation of A.Z.'s constitutional rights but failed to do so.</p> <p>Defendants Alpine School District Burke, Hayes, and Turner generally deny the allegations against them and that Plaintiff is entitled to any relief against them. Defendants Burke, Hayes, and Turner also assert the affirmative defense of qualified immunity.</p>		
b.	<table border="1"> <tr> <td data-bbox="321 1356 1195 1432">Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(f)(1) Conference: <i>(date the conference was held)</i></td><td data-bbox="1195 1356 1427 1432"><u>7/3/24</u></td></tr> </table>	Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(f)(1) Conference: <i>(date the conference was held)</i>	<u>7/3/24</u>
Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(f)(1) Conference: <i>(date the conference was held)</i>	<u>7/3/24</u>		
c.	<p>Participants: <i>(include the name of the party and attorney, if applicable)</i></p> <p><i>For Plaintiff –</i> Howard Kaplan Terah Tollner</p> <p><i>For Defendants Alpine School District, Burke, Hayes, and Turner –</i> Kyle Kaiser Darin Goff Nicole Johnston</p>		

d.	Fed. R. Civ. P 26(a)(1) Initial Disclosures: <i>(the parties have exchanged initial disclosures or will exchange no later than the date provided)</i>	<u>7/29/24</u>
e.	<p>Under Fed. R. Civ. P. 5(b)(2)(E), the parties agree to receive all items required to be served under Fed. R. Civ. P. 5(a) by the court's electronic-filing system or email transmission.</p> <p>Electronic service constitutes notice and service as required by those rules. The right to service by USPS mail is waived.</p>	<p>Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/></p>

2. PROTECTIVE ORDER

a.	<p>The parties anticipate the case will involve the disclosure of information, documents, or other materials that will be designated as confidential.</p>	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>
b.	<p>If the case will involve the disclosure of information, documents, or other materials that will be designated as CONFIDENTIAL, then good cause exists for the court to enter the court's Standard Protective Order (SPO) under DUCivR 26-2: <i>(describe the need for a protective order)</i></p> <p>The parties anticipate that the case will involve the disclosure of confidential health information, for example, medical information regarding Plaintiff's disability.</p>		
c.	<p>If a protective order is needed and the parties are not using the court's SPO, then the court's SPO, in effect under DUCivR 26-2, will govern until a different protective order—proposed by the parties via motion under DUCivR 7-1(a)(4)(D)—is adopted by the court.</p> <p>The parties' proposed protective order should identify a process to resolve all claims of waiver of attorney-client privilege or work-product protection, whether or not the information, documents, or other materials will be designated as CONFIDENTIAL or ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY, and this process must be included in the proposed protective order under Fed. R. Evid. 502(d): <i>(describe the process)</i></p> <p>The parties agree to be bound by the Standard Protective Order. The Parties anticipate that disclosure of some documents or electronically stored information may be subject to the Family Education Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) (20 U.S.C, § 1232g; 34 CFR Part 99), and/or by the Utah Government Records Access and Management Act (Utah Code §</p>		

		63G-2-101, et. seq.) Should information the disclosure of which is restricted by those laws become an issue, the parties agree to negotiate in good faith regarding a protective order in compliance with applicable law. Should the parties disagree regarding the scope of coverage of protection, the applicability of the privacy law at issue, or the language of any proposed protective order after negotiating in good faith, the parties agree to expeditiously bring the issue before the Court.
q		If the parties do not anticipate the case will involve the disclosure of information, documents, or the materials that will be designated as CONFIDENTIAL, the parties still should identify, in the space below, a process to resolve all claims of waiver of attorney-client privilege or work-product protection, whether or not the information, documents, or other materials will be designated as CONFIDENTIAL or ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY, and this process must also be included in the proposed Scheduling Order: <i>(describe the process)</i>

3. DISCOVERY PLAN

a.		<p><u>Discovery Plan:</u> The parties agree to the following discovery plan.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> If the parties disagree, clearly indicate the disagreement in the space below: 	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>
b.		<p><u>Discovery Subjects:</u> <i>(describe the subject areas in which discovery will be needed)</i></p> <p>All claims and defenses in the lawsuit, including, but not limited to:</p> <p>Plaintiff's participation in Alpine School District's bus program and special needs programs.</p> <p>Alpine School District's bus program; special needs and disability programs, record retention and deletion; training, hiring, and supervision.</p> <p>Kathy Draper's involvement with the bus program.</p> <p>Plaintiff's health, disability, and damages.</p>		
c.		<p><u>Discovery Phases:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Will discovery be conducted in phases? If so, please explain. <p>The parties agree that discovery will be conducted in two phases: fact discovery and expert discovery. This division reduces the likelihood</p>		

		<p>that supplemental expert reports will be necessary based on evidence acquired during fact discovery.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Will discovery be limited to or focused on particular issues? If so, please explain and identify whether discovery will be accelerated on any issue and the due dates.
d.		<p><u>Electronically Stored Information</u>: (describe how the parties will handle discovery of electronically stored information)</p> <p>After the first set of discovery requests is served, the receiving party shall, within a reasonable period (1 to 2 weeks), conduct a reasonable investigation into custodians who are likely to have information responsive to the requests and will propose search terms that are likely to yield information responsive to the requests.</p> <p>The proposed custodians and search terms will provide the starting point for a conference between the parties to determine an ESI protocol by email agreement. The parties commit to working cooperatively with the expectation of creating an agreed ESI protocol. Should the parties disagree regarding an appropriate ESI protocol after negotiating in good faith, the parties agree to expeditiously bring the issue before the Court.</p>

4. FACT DISCOVERY

a.	Fact Discovery Limitations—		
	1.	Maximum number of depositions by Plaintiff: The parties agree that any 30(b)(6) designations count as 1 deposition, regardless of how many individuals are designed by Defendant. The parties also agree that this number and the number in 4.a.2 below may be enlarged upon showing of good cause.	<u>12</u>
	2.	Maximum number of depositions by Defendant:	<u>12</u>
	3.	Maximum number of hours for each deposition: (<i>unless extended by agreement of parties</i>)	<u>7</u>
	4.	Maximum interrogatories by any party to any party:	<u>25</u>
	5.	Maximum requests for admissions by any party to any party: The parties agree that this number may be extended upon a showing of good cause.	<u>25</u>
	6.	Maximum requests for production by any party to any party: The parties agree that this number may be enlarged upon a showing of good cause.	<u>35</u>

b.	Other Fact Discovery Deadlines—		
1.	Deadline to serve written discovery:		<u>1/15/25</u>
2.	Deadline for fact discovery to close:		<u>2/17/25</u>
3.	Deadline for supplementation of disclosures and responses under Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(e): <i>(optional)</i>		<u>00/00/00</u>

5. AMENDING OF PLEADINGS AND JOINING OF PARTIES¹

a.	Deadline to file a motion to amend pleadings—		
1.	Plaintiffs:		<u>10/3/24</u>
2.	Defendants:		<u>10/3/24</u>
b.	Deadline to file a motion to join additional parties—		
1.	Plaintiffs:		<u>10/3/24</u>
2.	Defendants:		<u>10/3/24</u>

6. EXPERT DISCOVERY

a.	Filing of Notice of Designation required by DUCivR 26-1(a)(2)—		
1.	Parties bearing the burden of proof:		<u>5/1/25</u>
2.	Parties not bearing the burden of proof:		<u>6/2/25</u>
b.	Service of Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(a)(2) Disclosures and Reports—		
1.	Parties bearing the burden of proof:		<u>5/1/25</u>
2.	Parties not bearing the burden of proof:		<u>6/2/25</u>
3.	Rebuttal reports, if any:		<u>00/00/00</u>
c.	Deadline for expert discovery to close:		<u>7/1/25</u>

7. OTHER DEADLINES AND TRIAL-RELATED INFORMATION

a.	Deadline for filing dispositive or potentially dispositive motions: <i>(including a motion to exclude experts when expert testimony is required to resolve the motion)</i>		<u>8/15/25</u>
b.	Trial:	Bench <input type="checkbox"/>	Jury <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
c.	Trial days:		<u>5-10 days</u>

¹ Counsel must still comply with the requirements of Fed. R. Civ. P. 15(a).

/s/ Howard Kaplan Date: 7/5/24
Signature and typed name of Plaintiff's Attorney (*or Party's Name if self-represented*)²

/s/ Kyle Kaiser Date: 7/5/24
Signature and typed name of Defendant's Attorney (*or Party's Name if self-represented*)

² Instructions for attaching the Attorney Planning Meeting Report to a Stipulated Motion for Scheduling Order or Motion for a Scheduling Conference can be found on the court's [Civil Scheduling](#) webpage.